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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/828,226 04/09/2001		Kevin A. McIntyre	3598-2	5634		
7	590 01/30/2003					
•	ANDERHYE P.C.	•	EXAM	XAMINER		
1100 North Glebe Rd., 8th Floor Arlington, VA 22201-4714			FELTEN, I	DANIEL S		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3624			
		DATE MAILED: 01/30/2003				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No. **09/828,226**

Applicant(s)

McIntyre

Examiner

Daniel Felten

Art Unit **3624**

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
Period for Reply							
THE	A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the						
- If the property - If NO property - Failure - Any re	date of this communication. beriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the beriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	nd will expire SIX (6) In a spplication to become	MONTHS from ABANDO	rom the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status							
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Nov 13, 2	002		·			
2a) 💢	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This act	ion is non-final.					
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposi	tion of Claims						
4) 💢	Claim(s) 1-23 and 25			is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.			
6) 💢	Claim(s) 1-23 and 25			is/are rejected.			
7) 🗆	Claim(s)			is/are objected to.			
8) 🗌	Claims	are	subject	to restriction and/or election requirement.			
	tion Papers						
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)□							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is:	a) 🗌 a	pproved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply t	o this Office act	ion.				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ner.					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some* c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) 🗆							
 14) ☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e). a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 							
15) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
_	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Surr	mary (PTO	-413) Paper No(s)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)							

Art Unit: 3624 Representative: Kagen (36,178)

DETAILED ACTION

Receipt of the Amendment filed November 13, 2002 amending claims 1, 19 and 20,

canceling claim 24 and adding claim 25 is acknowledged. Claims 1-23 and 25 are pending in

the application and are presented to be examined upon their merits.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-23 have been considered but are moot

9 in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-23 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
- Rackson et al (hereinafter "Rackson", US 6,415,270 B1) in view of Lupien et al (hereafter
- ²⁴ "Lupien", US 5,689,652).

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Re Claims 1-12, 19, 20-23 and 25:

Rackson, discloses a method, as in claims 1 and 25, and computer system as in claim

- 19, and a computer readable medium as in claim 20 (see *memory*, col. 2, ll. 17-35), for
- conducting a transaction between a buyer and a seller over a global network (Internet), the
- 5 method comprising:
- 6 (a) at least one user computer 30 running a computer program (see *multi-auction service*,
- col. 9, 11. 7+) that effects input information and receiving a lower limit price for a product from
- the seller (see reserve price, col. 3, ll. 13-15; and col. 11, ll. 5+)
- 9 (b) receiving an upper limit bid for the product from the buyer (see *optimal bidder*, col.
- 10 2, 11. 46-65);
- (c) a system server 14 running a server program (see fig. 3, multi-auction service and/or
- remote auction service), the at least one user computer and the system server being
- interconnected by a computer network, the system server receiving the input information and
- processing the input information. comparing (matching) the seller lower limit price and the
- buyer upper limit bid (see at least, col. 25, 11. 3-55); .
- as claim 2, wherein if an overlap region exists between the seller lower limit price and the
- buyer upper limit bid, step (d) is practiced by setting the price point for the product at a midpoint
- of the overlap region (see col. 11, ll. 5-24).

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as claim 3, further comprising (e) if an overlap region does not exist between the seller 1 lower limit price and the buyer upper limit bid, further processing the transaction according to 2 system parameters (see *rules*, col. 9, 11. 7-35; and col. 6, 11. 44-56). 3 as in claim 4, wherein step (e) is practiced by terminating the transaction (see col. 11, ll. 4 5-32). 5 as in claims 5 and 22, wherein step (e) is practiced by notifying the seller and the buyer 6 that an overlap region does not exist and requesting the seller and the buyer to either (1) adjust 7 the respective lower limit price and upper limit bid, or (2) terminate the transaction (see col. 12, 8 11. 51). 9 as in claim 6 and 23, further comprising, after step (e), either (1) receiving an adjusted 10 lower limit price and an adjusted upper limit bid and repeating steps (c)-(e), or (2) receiving an 11 instruction to terminate the transaction (see col. 11, ll. 5-32). 12 as in claim 7, further comprising, after step (e) receiving one of an adjusted lower limit 13 price or an adjusted upper limit bid, and repeating steps (c)-(e) (see col. 11, ll. 5-32). 14 as in claim 8, wherein step (e) is practiced by setting a theoretical price point between the 15 lower limit price and the upper limit bid (see col. 11, ll. 5-32). 16 as in claims 9 and 23, wherein step (e) is practiced by setting a theoretical price point at a 17 midpoint between the lower limit price and the upper limit bid (see col. 11, 11. 5-32). 18 as in claim 10 and 25, further comprising providing the seller and the buyer with an 19

opportunity to agree on the theoretical price point, completing the transaction only if both the

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seller and the buyer agree on the theoretical price point, and otherwise terminating the transaction 1 (see *closing* col. 11, ll. 5-32);

as in claim 12, wherein step (e) is further practiced by displaying a shortage region

- representing a difference between the lower limit price and the upper limit bid to the seller and 4
- the buyer (see col. 11, ll. 5-32). 5

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- Rackson fails to disclose that if an overlap region exists between the seller lower limit 6
- price and the buyer upper limit bid, setting a price point for the product within the overlap region 7
- setting a price point for the product with the overlap region that is based on the lower limit price 8
- and the upper limit bid. 9

Lupien discloses a computerized matching system (crossing network) that allows traders 10 to input as orders a satisfaction density profile and maximum size limit which characterizes the 11

trader's degree of satisfaction to trade at any and all prices and sizes up to the aggregate limit

(see Lupien, col. 3, 11, 44-67; and col. 6, 11, 62+). Since Rackson teaches the concepts of an

optimal bidder, which submits the nominally highest bid to the seller and the lowest offer of

the buyer that is mutually benefiting both buyer and seller (see Rackson, col. 2, 11. 46+); a

reserve price, which represents the minimum price (or lower limit) the seller will accept for

item(s) (see Rackson, col. 3, 11. 12-32); and selling parameters, which include and expected

bid range (see Rackson, col. 3, 13+), it would have been obvious for an artisan at the time of

the invention of Rackson to integrate the computerized matching system of Lupien into

Rackson because an artisan at the time of the invention of Rackson would find the satisfaction

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density profile useful in order to provide an alternative basis to discover the optimal bid/price

(or range of bids/prices) that will cover both the buyer and the seller for a set of items. Such a 2

modification would provide a numerical and visual representation of the selling parameters

and the ranges that are overlapping. Thus to modify/substitute the Rackson invention with the 4

mutual satisfaction density profile would constitute an obvious expedient well with the ordinary 5

skill in the art.

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Furthermore, artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention of Rackson would have recognized that the terms comparing and overlap found in claim 1(c) and 1(d) are art recognized equivalents to the notoriously old and well known concept of matching. Matching requires a system to judge between two items, or prices or processes to consider "sameness", "likeness" and/or "compatibility". It is respectfully submitted that Rackson discloses a system and/or embodiment in which comparing and overlapping prices/criteria is involved to provide the most advantageous (or mutually beneficial) outcome

Moreover, an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention of Rackson would have recognized that the term, "range" or "range", implies (or inherently sugguests) that there is an upper and lower limit or boundary of price, bidding or other selling parameters associated with the term.

for the buyer and the seller during the auction period. Thus the concepts of comparing and

overlap would have been an obvious expedient well within the ordinary skill in the art.

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Regarding Claims 13-16:

- Rackson discloses a method according to claim 1, wherein step (a) is practiced by receiving a
- 5 lower limit price range from the seller that varies with time;
- as in claim 14, wherein step (b) is practiced by receiving an upper limit bid range from
- the buyer that varies with time;
- as in claim 15, wherein step (a) is practiced by additionally receiving an expiration
- 9 relating to the product and by receiving a lower limit price range from the seller that varies with
- time to the expiration; and
- as in claim 16, a method according to claim 1, wherein step (b) is practiced by
- additionally receiving an expiration relating to the upper limit bid and by receiving an upper limit
- bid range from the buyer that varies with time to the expiration (see Rackson, col. 17, ll. 21+; and
- 14 col. 13, ll. 25+).

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Regarding Claim 17:

- 17 A method according to claim 1, wherein step (b) is practiced by allowing only one bid for the
- product from the buyer (see col. 1, 11. 64+).

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Regarding Claim 18:

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further comprising compiling a database of information relating to sellers, buyers, products and

price points (see Rackson, col. 2, ll. 46-65).

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Conclusion

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- 5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this
- 9 Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a).
- Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR

1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however,

will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final

action.

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- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner
- should be directed to **Daniel S. Felten** whose telephone number is (703) 305-0724. The
- examiner can normally be reached between the hours of 7:00AM to 5:30PM Monday-Thursday.
- 23 Any inquiry of a general nature relating to the status of this application or its proceedings should

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be directed to the Customer Service Office (703) 306-5631, or the examiner's supervisor

2 Vincent Millin whose telephone number is (703) 308-1065.

7. Response to this action should be mailed to:

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Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D.C. 20231

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for formal communications intended for entry, or (703) 305-0040, for informal or draft communications, please label "Proposed" or "Draft".

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [daniel.felten@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1 195 OG 89.

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ØSF

January 24, 2003

VINCENT MILLIN SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600